



Felipe Arancibia Corporate Finance & IR Manager 27 June 2012 J.P. Morgan 2012 Southern Cone & Andean Conference Hotel Noi Vitacura, Santiago, Chile

# Disclaimer



Statements made in this presentation that relate to CCU's future performance or financial results are forward-looking statements, which involve uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to materially differ. We undertake no obligation to update any of these statements. Listeners are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These statements should be taken in conjunction with the additional information about risk and uncertainties set forth in CCU's annual report filed with the Chilean *Superintendencia de Valores y Seguros (SVS)* and in CCU's 20-F filed with the *US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)*.

# Agenda



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5.	Summary	17

# Agenda



# 1.CCU Overview32.CCU's Recent Performance83.Historical sources of growth114.Targeted sources of growth155.Summary17



CCU is a diversified beverage company operating principally in Chile and Argentina<sub>()</sub>:

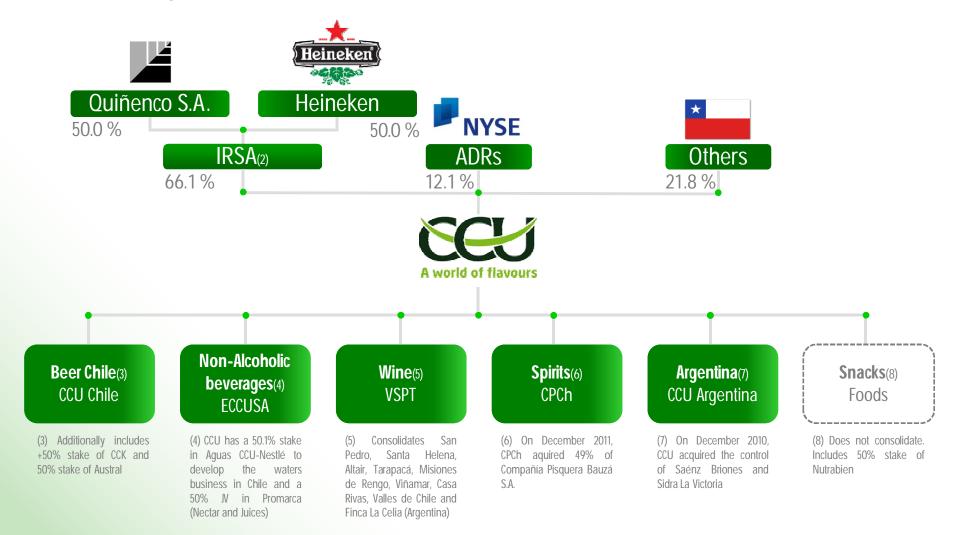




(1) Information as of December 31, 2011



## **Ownership structure**()





# Contribution by segment

	% Volumes	% Revenues	% EBITDA
<b>Beer Chile</b>	29%	32%	<b>49%</b>
Beer Argentina	24%	20%	14%
Non-Alcoholics	38%	26%	20%
Wine	7%	14%	7%
Spirits	1%	5%	4%
Other	1%	2%	6%
<b>Total</b> (1)(2)	100%	100%	100%



Source: CCU, under IFRS (1) Public information as of December 31, 2011. Figures do not include Exceptional items (2) Figures may not add 100% due to rounding effects



# Well positioned in a growing market

Industry growth (liters per capita)()

	2002	2011	CAGR 02-11
TOTAL CHILE	159	222	3.8%
Beer Chile	25	39	4.9%
Non-Alcoholics	114	165	4.2%
Domestic Wine	17	13	-2.5%
Spirits	3	4	4.8%
BEER ARGENTINA	33	44	3.5%

CCU's weighted market share growth

	2002	2011	$\Delta$ points 02-11
TOTAL CHILE	35.3%	37.8%	2.5
Beer Chile(1)	88.7%	80.2%	-8.5
Non-Alcoholics(2)	26.4%	29.4%	3.0
Domestic Wine(2)	17.3%	24.6%	7.3
Spirits(1)	-	37.1%	-
BEER ARGENTINA(1)	12.9%	22.9%	10.0
WINE EXPORTS(3)	17.5%	12.1%	-5.4
TOTAL CCU(4)	27.5%	31.1%	3.6



Source: (1) CCU final estimates for 2011, (2) AC Nielsen, (3) "Asociación de viñas de Chile, AG" for Chilean export (excludes bulk wine and exports from Argentina) (4) Weighted average market share of all businesses in which CCU participates





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# 2. CCU's Recent Performance



# Volume growth trend 2009-2012

Volume growth (%) (1)	2009	Q1′10	Q2′10	Q3′10	Q4′10	2010	Q1′11	Q2′11	Q3′11	Q4′11	2011	Q1′12
Beer Chile	-1.9	-7.7(2)	10.3	6.8	1.6	1.5	9.6	-2.9	0.0	8.4	4.6	5.6
Beer Argentina	7.7	5.3	3.2	7.9	6.5	5.8	6.9	6.5	4.0	2.8	4.9	-2.2
Non-Alcoholics	3.8	9.8	9.9	13.2	7.4	9.8	3.7	4.9	7.2	8.2	6.1	18.6
Wines	20.1	27.6	24.8	-0.7	-6.0	9.3	-1.7	-6.5	1.0	10.9	0.6	5.8
Spirits	-5.5	1.9	10.7	7.4	5.9	6.7	6.6	-2.5	5.5	19.4	7.5	25.4
TOTAL (3)	3.7	3.5	9.7	8.7	4.5	6.2	6.1	2.4	5.3	10.0	6.4	8.8



(1) Compares quarter's volumes with same quarter's in prior year(2) Supply constraints due to Feb 27, 2010 earthquake(3) Total includes Cider business in Argentina

# 2. CCU's Recent Performance



## CCU's Latest Results

CLP Billions	2011	2010	Δ%	Q1′12	Q1′11	∆%
Volumes (Th HL)	18,397	17,298	6.4%	5,408	4,970	8.8%
Net Sales	969.6	838.3	15.7%	281.5	242.3	16.2%
Gross Profit	519.0	454.4	14.2%	155.2	134.7	15.2%
Gross margin (%)	53.5%	54.2%		55.1%	55.6%	
Normalized EBIT(1)	177.9	155.3	14.6%	56.4	53.2	6.1%
Normalized EBIT mg (%)	18.3%	18.5%		20.1%	22.0%	
Normalized Net Income	119.0	107.9	10.3%	40.2	37.5	7.4%
Normalized EBITDA	225.6	200.5	12.6%	69.3	64.7	7.0%
YoY Growth (%)	12.6%	10.4%		7.0%	10.9%	
Normalized EBITDA mg (%)	23.3%	23.9%		24.6%	26.7%	
EBIT	190.8	162.0	17.7%	56.4	65.9	-14.3%
EBIT margin (%)	19.7%	19.3%		20.1%	27.2%	
Net Income	122.8	110.7	10.9%	40.2	45.5	-11.6%
EBITDA	238.5	207.3	15.1%	69.3	77.4	-10.5%
EBITDA margin (%)	24.6%	24.7%		24.6%	32.0%	
NFD/EBITDA(2)	0.29	0.39		0.23		

(1) "Normalized" refers to performance measures before Exceptional items. During 2011 CCU recorded as EI the settlement of the insurance claims for the earthquake (CLP MM 13,289) and the severance paid related to the cider business in Argentina (CLP MM 384). In 2010, the sale of a site in Lima generated a one-time profit of CLP MM 6,791 (2) NFD: Net Financial Debt





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# 3. Historical sources of growth

## CCU has been growing consistently over the last 20 years

EBITDA CLP Billions	<b>1990</b> (1)	2011(2)	CAGR
Beer Chile	17.5	110.2	9.1%
Other segments	2.2	115.4	20.7%
CCU <sub>(3)</sub>	19.8	225.6	12.3%

# = 50% Organic growth= 50% Non-organic growth

## CCU has become a multicategory company

EBITDA Mix	1990	2011(4)
Beer Chile	89%	49%
Other segments	11%	51%
CCU	100%	100%

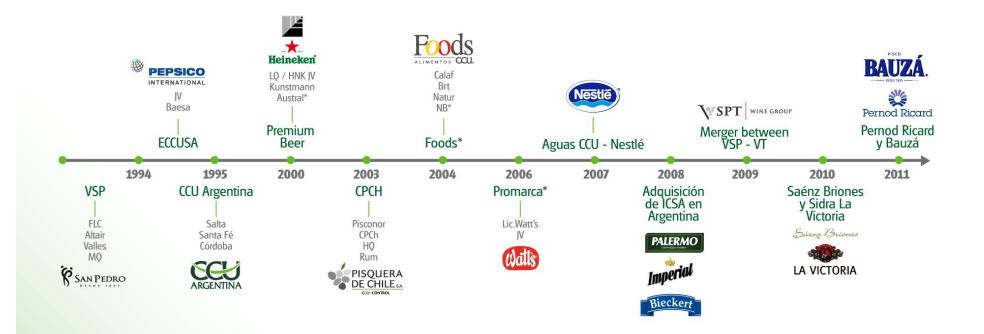




# 3. Historical sources of growth



# Historical non-organic sources of growth



# 3. Historical sources of growth



# Main indicators 2002-2011

Since the prior crisis, figures in the dimensions Profitability, Growth and Sustainability show a constant improvement

			CHGA	<b>P</b> (1)				IFRS	(2)		CAGR
CLP Billions	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	02-11
Profitability											
<b>EBIT</b> (3)	37.6	45.9	58.7	66.5	79.7	101.4	124.0	137.4	155.3	177.9	18.8%
EBITDA(4)	80.3	86.4	98.6	107.6	121.8	146.8	163.9	181.5	200.5	225.6	12.2%
EBITDA Margin(5)	23.2%	22.5%	23.4%	21.9%	22.3%	23.4%	23.1%	23.4%	23.9%	23.3%	
ROCE(6)	8.6%	11.4%	15.0%	15.8%	18.2%	20.4%	19.9%	20.2%	23.0%	<b>24</b> .5%	
Growth											
Revenues	345.9	384.1	420.6	492.0	545.8	628.3	710.2	776.5	838.3	969.6	12.1%
Volume (millions of HL)	10.1	10.9	11.4	12.3	13.4	14.2	15.7	16.3	17.3	18.4	6.9%
Market Share (7)	27.5%	27.9%	27.8%	27.8%	28.1%	29.0%	30.1%	31.4%	31.3%	31.1%	
SAM domestic(8)	-	-	17.7	25.5	32.2	44.0	63.3	82.6	91.9	117.8	31.1%
Sustainability											
First Preference(9) Organizational environment(10)	26.8% 67%	30.0% 69%	29.6% 72%	32.1% 70%	31.5% 72%	29.3% 72%	30.0% 73%	30.8% 77%	30.9% 77%	31.1% 76%	

Source: CCU and Adimark

(1) Under Chilean GAAP. Figures in CLP Billions of December of each year

(2) IFRS, figures in nominal CLP Billions, after Exceptional items (EI)

(3) EBIT after EI is 162.0 and 190.8 for 2010 and 2011 respectively, and CAGR 02-11 is 19.8%

(4) EBITDA after EI is 207.3 and 238.5 for 2010 and 2011 respectively and CAGR 02-11 is 12.9%

(5) EBITDA margin after EI is 24.7% and 24.6% for 2010 and 2011 respectively

(6) ROCE: Return on capital employed. ROCE after El is 24.0% and 26.3% for 2010 and 2011 respectively

(7) Weighted market share of all businesses in which CCU participates

(8) Direct profit in CLP Billions contributed by products considered in the high margin segment (Segmento de Alto Margen or SAM)

(9) Quarterly consumer poll, which measures brand value through asking for consumer's preferred brand in each product segment

(10) Internal poll done to all CCU employees, that measures the level of employee's satisfaction at the job





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# 4. Targeted sources of growth

# Organic and Non-organic\* sources of growth



\* To be evaluated on case by case basis

(1) SAM = Segmento de alto margen. Is the direct profit contributed by products considered in the high margin segment

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# 5. Summary



#### Over the last 20 years:

- ▶ In terms of EBITDA, CCU has been growing at a CAGR of 12.3%
- CCU has reached a balanced growth between organic and non-organic sources
- CCU has a strong financial position with a low NFD/EBITDA (0.29) and a ROCE of 24.5% in 2011
- Volume has been growing constantly due to higher market share and further development of the beverage industry
- The company identifies many oportunities to continue expanding by pursuing our targeted sources of organic and non-organic growth

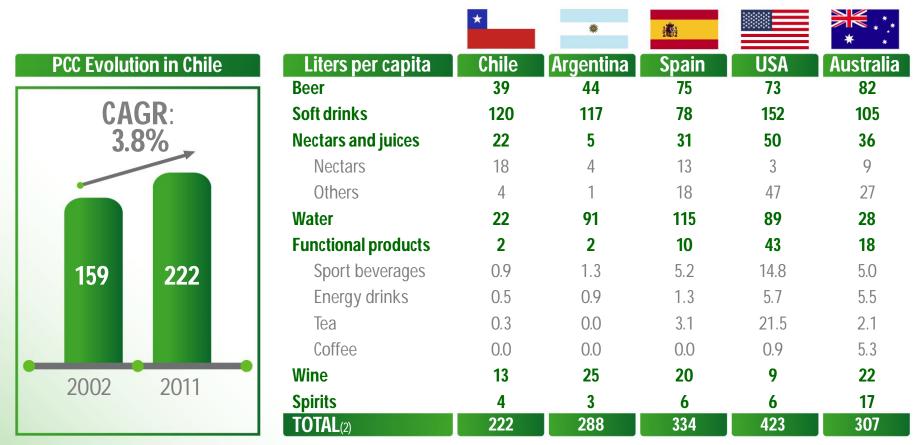




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Source: CCU 2011 estimates for Chile and Argentina; Canadean estimated 2011 for other countries' PCC. Excludes bottled milk. Income per capita (PPP): 1.0 times Argentina/Chile, 2.3 times Spain/Chile, 3.2 times USA/Chile and 2.7 times Australia/Chile. Income per capita (PPP) source: World Bank, 2009
Figures have been rounded and may not sum exactly the totals shown





# a. Chilean beverage industry





80.2%

24.8%

38.5%

50.6%

58.2%

20.7%

56.6%

46.1%

64.5% 11.4%

41.5%

24.6%

37.1%

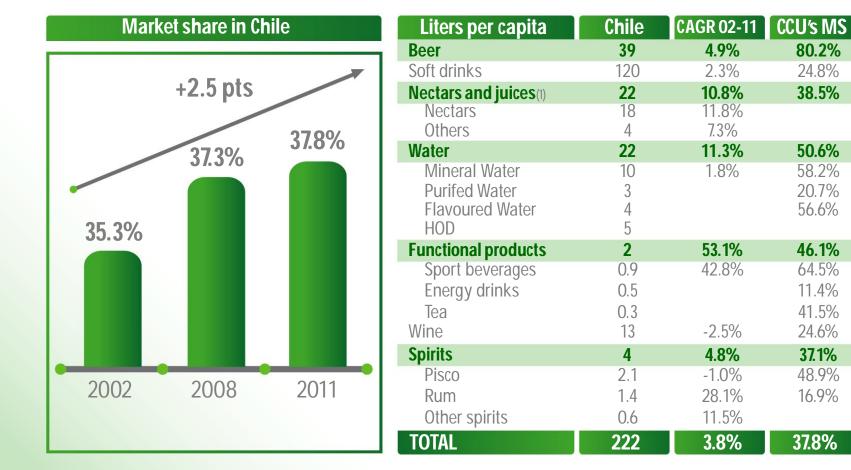
48.9%

16.9%

37.8%

#### ii. Well positioned in growing markets

CCU is stronger in categories with higher potential, which have been growing at a faster pace



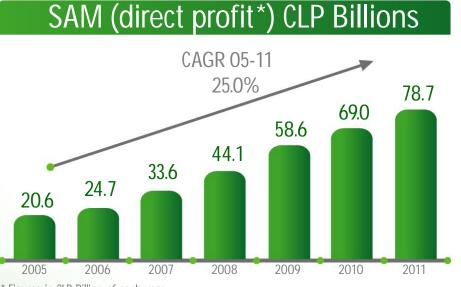
(1) Includes all nectars and juices market. CCU has 55.5% market share in the bottled nectar category PCC Sources: CCU 2011 estimates. MS Sources: CCU 2011 estimates for beer and spirits, and ACNielsen for all other

# a. Chilean beverage industry

# A world of flavours



## iii. Higher SAM



\* Figures in CLP Billion of each year

SAM Chile = Segmento de alto margen. Is the direct profit contributed by products considered in the high margin segment

# 

#### **Innovation process**





# b. Beer industry in Argentina

i. Per capita consumption increase



# b. Beer industry in Argentina

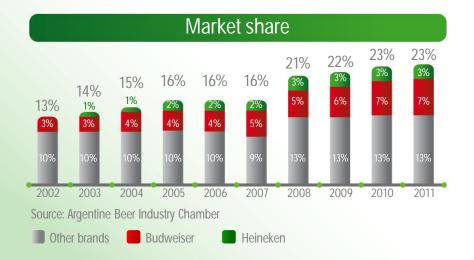




#### ii. Profitability increase



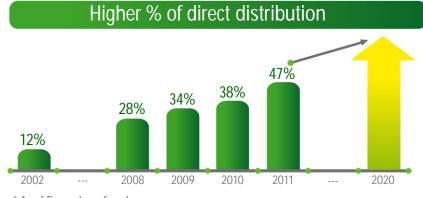
Source: CCU (1) Figures in nominal USD. 2001-2007 under CHGAAP; 2008-2011 under IFRS



#### SAM Argentina (Direct profit) \* USD Millions



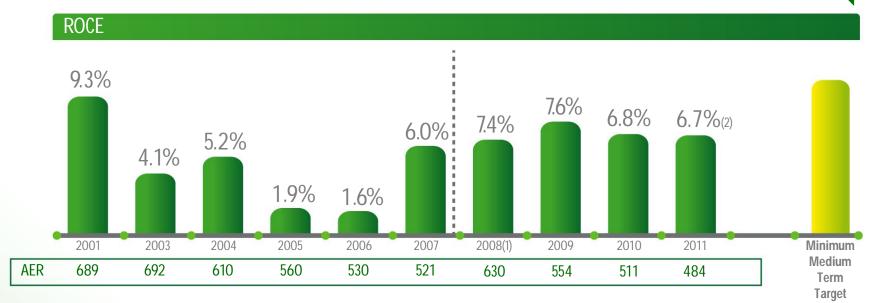
\* Figures in nominal million USD of each year. Under CHGAAP



\* As of December of each year



# c. Improve the ROCE in the wine business



Iniciatives to increase the ROCE from
6.7% to 11% minimum:
Domestic market
Argentina



Source: CCU. AER: Wine exports sales average exchange rate (1) Capital Employed does not consider goodwill of 2008 VT M&A; If included ROCE is 5.9%, 6.0%, 5.3% and 5.1% for 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 respectively (2) ROCE for 2011 does not include Exceptional items. If included ROCE is 10.9%, and considering goodwill 8.3%



# a. Multicategory business in Argentina



**Replicate CCU's business model in Argentina** 

	*	*	*		* *
Liters per capita(1)	Chile	Argentina	Spain	USA	Australia
Beer	39	44	75	73	82
Soft drinks	120	117	78	152	105
Nectars and juices	22	5	31	50	36
Water	22	91	115	89	28
Functional products	2	2	10	43	18
Wine	13	25	20	9	22
Spirits	4	3	6	6	17
Cider	0	2	2	0	1
Milk(2)	21	46	77	69	104
TOTAL <sub>(3)</sub>	243	335	413	493	412

#### Higher direct sales as a tool to build the multicategory business

% of direct distribution	2002	2008	2009	2010	2011
in Argentina	12%	28%	34%	38%	47%
(as of December of each year)					

\*To be evaluated on case by case basis

(1) Source: CCU 2011 estimates for Chile beverage and Argentina; CCU estimates based on Canadean 2011 excluding powder milk for other countries' PCC. Income per capita (PPP): 1.0 time Argentina/Chile, 2.3 times Spain/Chile, 3.2 times USA/Chile and 2.7 times Australia/Chile. Income per capita (PPP) source: World Bank, 2009

(2) Only bottled milk. CCU estimates based on Canedean 2011 for Chile and Argentina and Australia: Dairy Australia (equivalent to Odepa in Chile), Spain: UUAA (equivalent to Fedeleche in Chile), USA: USDA (US Department of Agriculture). Australia, Spain and USA adjusted for growth rate Canadean 2011 estimates

(3) Figures have been rounded and may not sum exactly the totals shown

# First move towards the multicategory in Argentina

- **Entry to the cider and spritis market in Argentina in December 2010** 
  - ✓ Control of Sáenz Briones (50.2%) and Sidra La Victoria (71.4%)
  - ✓ Price paid: US\$ 13.2 millions
  - ✓ Estimated market share: 34.5%

	USD Millions	Excecution date	One year afer
(	Cider and spirits volume (MHI)	211	+236
I	Revenue	29	+45
I	EBITDA	3.9	+8.7

- Execute strong operational programs
  - ✓ Break seasonality of the cider
  - ✓ Revenue synergies with our direct distribution in Argentina
  - ✓ Cost synergies and best practices







1.1x 1.5x 2.2x

# b. Ready to eat (RTE) in Chile

- Ready to eat market in Chile (US\$ 1.4bn)
  - = 2020 Ready to eat market estimated in US\$ 2.0bn
  - CCU currently has a 50-50 JV with Indalsa(1)
  - Market share 2010: 5%(2)



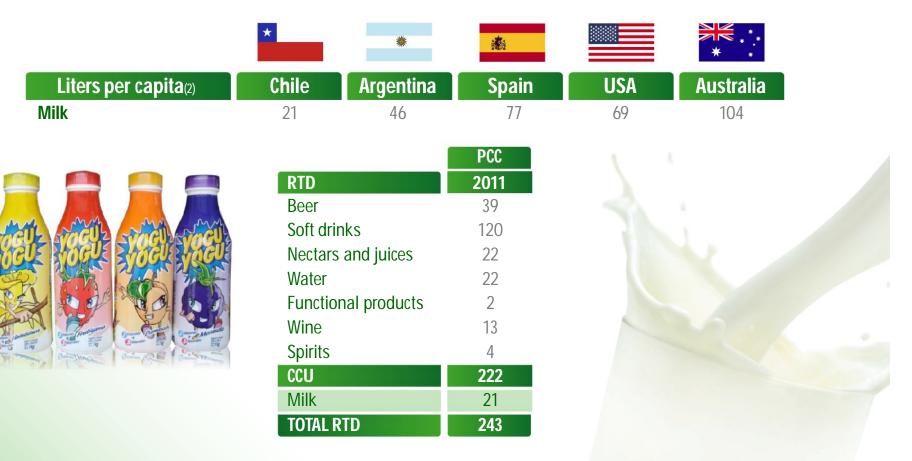




\* To be evaluated on case by case basis



- c. Dairy products in Chile
- ► Dairy products market size US\$ 1,397 million()



\* To be evaluated on case by case basis

Includes cheese, liquid and powder milk, yoghurt and other milk based products
Only bottled milk. CCU estimates based on Canedean 2011 for Chile and Argentina and Australia: Dairy Australia (equivalent to Odepa in Chile), Spain: UUAA (equivalent to Fedeleche in Chile), USA: USDA (US Department of Agriculture) Australia, Spain and USA adjusted for growth rate Canadean 2011 estimates





# d. Surrounding markets





Beverage industry of Peru + Paraguay + Bolivia + Ecuador + Colombia

	<b>1</b>	٥	*	<b>W</b>	Ø	
Liters per capita(1)	Peru	Paraguay	Uruguay	Bolivia	Ecuador	Colombia
Beer	48	41	30	40	37	42
Soft drinks	68	79	121	76	57	53
Nectars and juices	13	4	5	13	11	10 📢
Water	17	7	57	5	32	18
Functional products	4	1	1	0	4	2
Wine	2	5	23	3	1	1
Spirits	2	13	3	13	3	3
Milk	10	48	65	27	46	70
TOTAL	163	197	304	179	191	200
Population (MM)	29.5	6.3	3.5	10.9	14.8	45.6

Ist step — started to export Schneider from Argentina to Paraguay in 2011

\* To be evaluated on case by case basis

(1) Source: CCU estimates based on Canadean 2011

# e. Ready to mix (RTM) in Chile

Liters per capita	2011
Powder Juices	30
Powder Milk	45
Теа	61
Coffee	46
Soup	19
TOTAL RTM	201

A world of flavours



\* To be evaluated on case by case basis

(1) Source: CCU estimates based on Canadean 2011





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